

Business & Financial Review

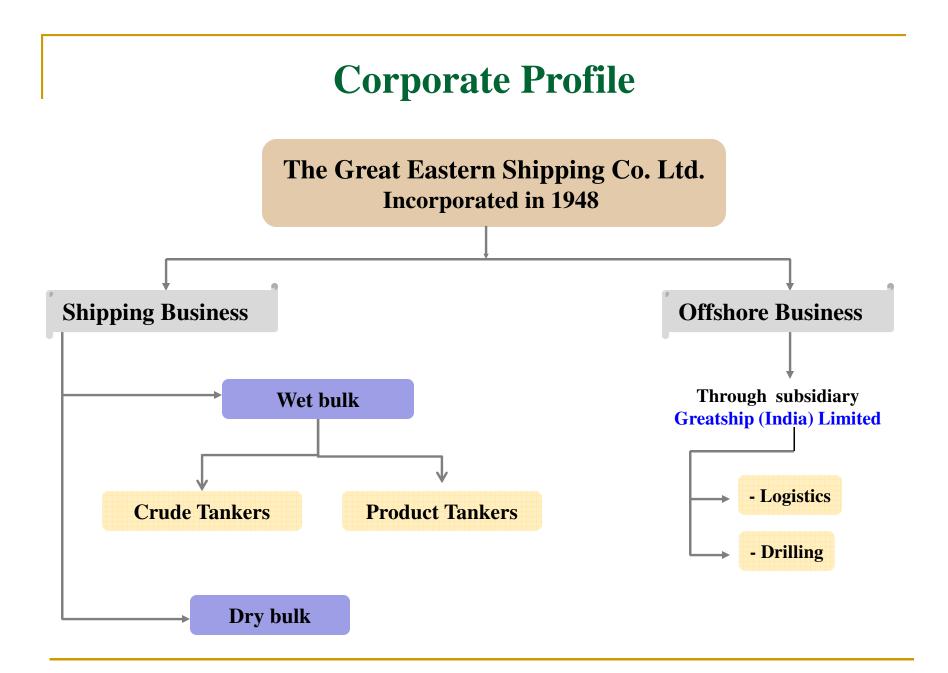
February 2015

Forward Looking Statements

Except for historical information, the statements made in this presentation constitute forward looking statements. These include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of GE Shipping and its management regarding the Company's operations, strategic directions, prospects and future results which in turn involve certain risks and uncertainties.

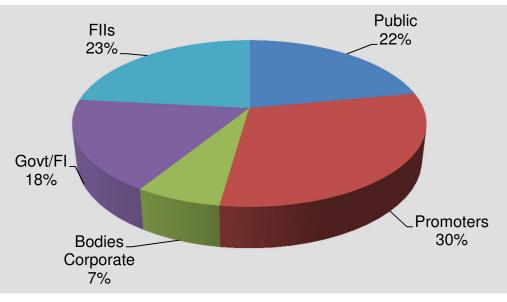
Certain factors may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward looking statements; including changes in freight rates; global economic and business conditions; effects of competition and technological developments; changes in laws and regulations; difficulties in achieving cost savings; currency, fuel price and interest rate fluctuations etc.

The Company assumes no responsibility with regard to publicly amending, modifying or revising the statements based on any subsequent developments, information or events that may occur.



Company at a glance

- **India's largest private sector Shipping Company**
- **Biverse asset base with global operations**
- **8** Completed 66 years of operations
- *Over 30 years of uninterrupted dividend track record*



Shareholding Pattern as on December 31, 2014

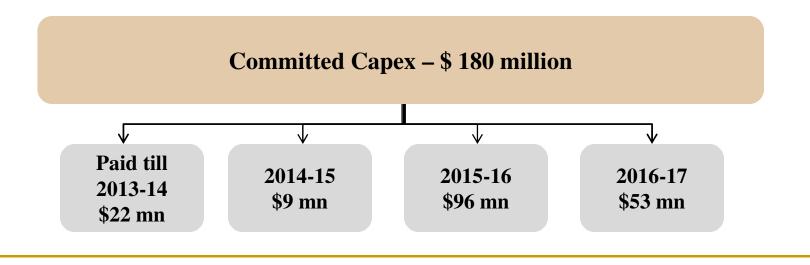
Shipping business-owned fleet

30 ships aggregating 2.45 Mn dwt, avg.age 10.6 years

- **21 Tankers** avg.age 11.0 years
 - 8 Crude carriers (4 Suezmax, 4 Aframax) avg.age 12.2 years
 - 12 Product tankers (4 LR1, 8 MR) avg.age 8.4 years
 - 1 Very Large Gas Carrier avg.age 21.0 years
- **9 Dry bulk carriers** avg.age 9.4 years
 - 1 Capesize avg.age 19.0 years
 - 3 Kamsarmax avg.age 4.0 years
 - 5 Supramax- avg.age 8.4 years

Shipping business- CAPEX plan

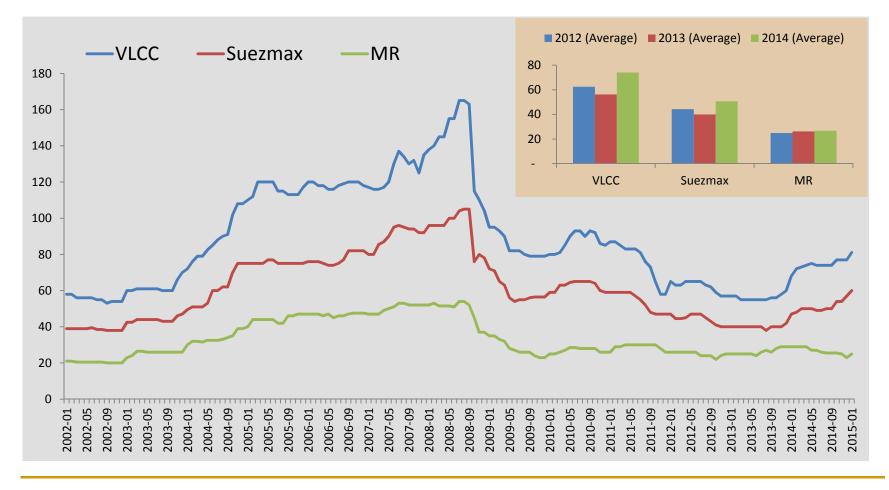
Vessels on Order						
Vessel	Yard	Expected Delivery				
1 Medium Range Product Tanker	STX Group	Q4FY16				
2 Kamsarmax Dry Bulk Carriers	Tsuneishi Shipbuilding	H1FY16				
3 Kamsarmax Dry Bulk Carriers	Jiangsu New Yangzi Shipbuilding Co. Ltd, China	Q2 & Q3 CY2016				



Asset Price Movement (5 yr old)- Tankers

Timeline- Jan 2001 till Jan 2015

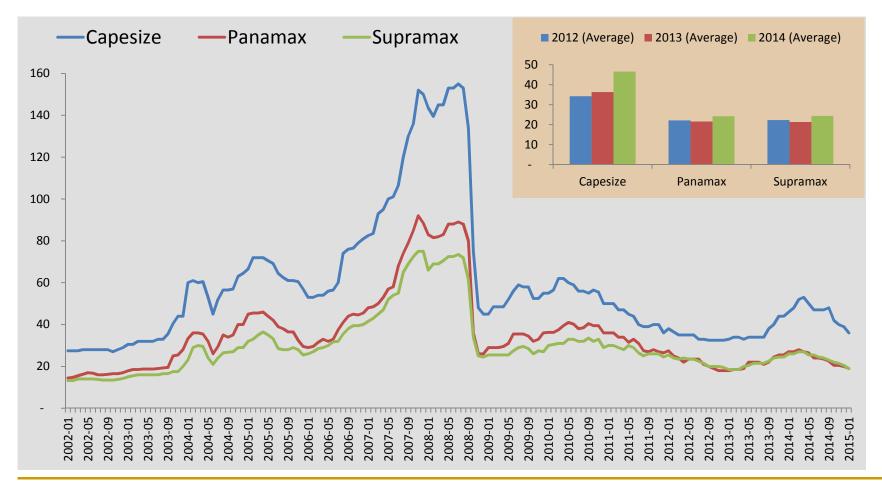
Amt in US\$ mn



Asset Price Movement (5 yr old) – Dry Bulk

Timeline- Jan 2001 till Jan 2015

Amt in US\$ mn

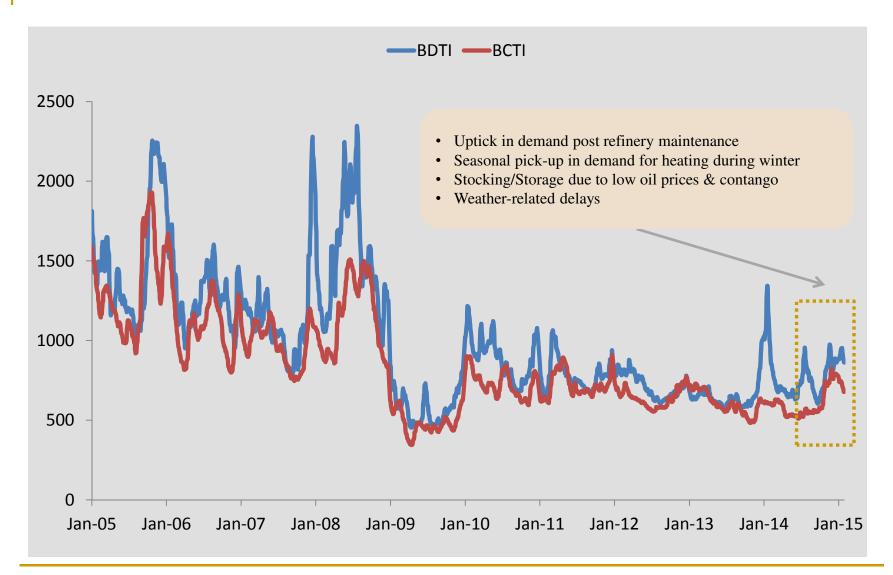


Asset Price Movement

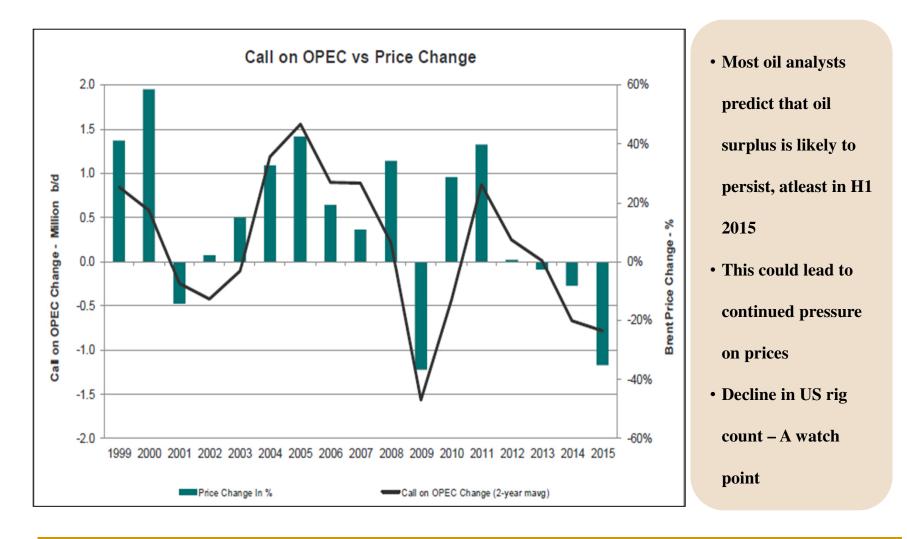
20 year High /Low: (5 year old assets)

(Amt in \$mn)	High	Low	Current
	Tank	<u>ers</u>	
VI CC	165	49	0.1
VLCC	(2008)	(1994)	81
Sucrmon	105	32	60
Suezmax	(2008)	(1993)	60
	46	20	25
MR	(2007)	(1999)	25
	Dry B	ulk	
Canadian	155	25	26
Capesize	(2008)	(1999)	36
Denemor	92	14	10
Panamax	(2007)	(1999)	19
Summer	75	13	10
Supramax	(2007)	(1998)	19

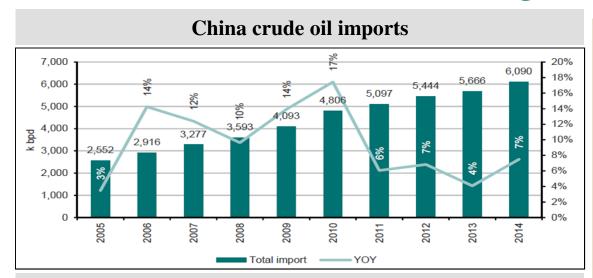
BDTI & BCTI Movement (Jan 2005 to Jan 2015)



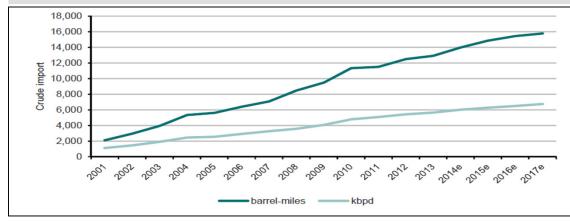
Pressure on oil prices could continue as OPEC decides to maintain production levels even at lower prices



Lower oil prices support stocking/storage.. Steep contango could lead to floating storage

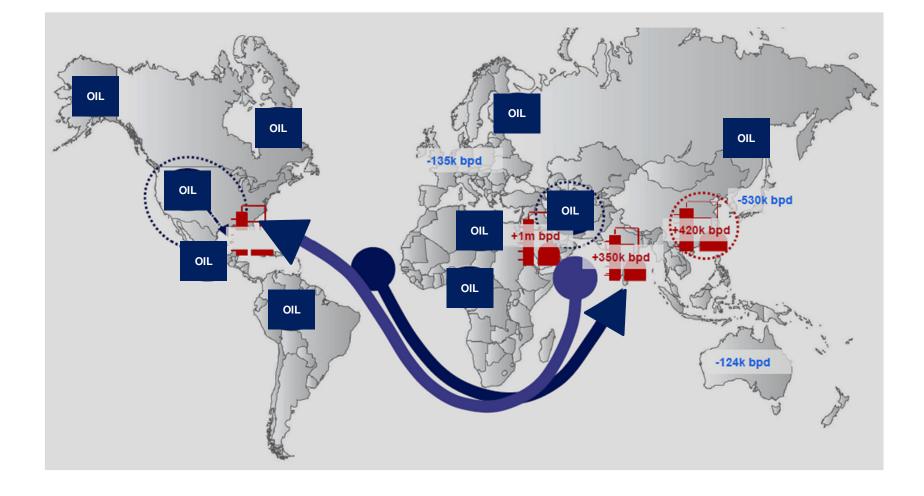


China crude oil imports – barrel-miles



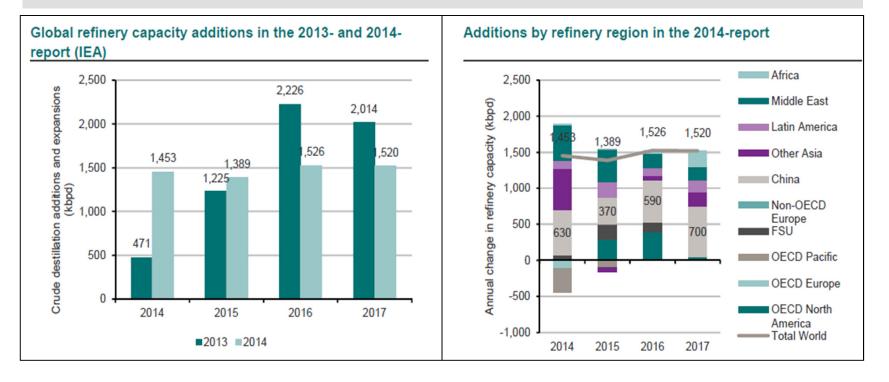
- Rising imports from China –
 Low oil prices and filling of the SPR
- Brent contango Steepness of contango along with availability of storage capacity on land to determine demand for floating storage
 - Floating storage reduces
 tonnage availability,
 supporting higher rates
 for crude oil tankers

Crude Oil Trade – Changing patterns...

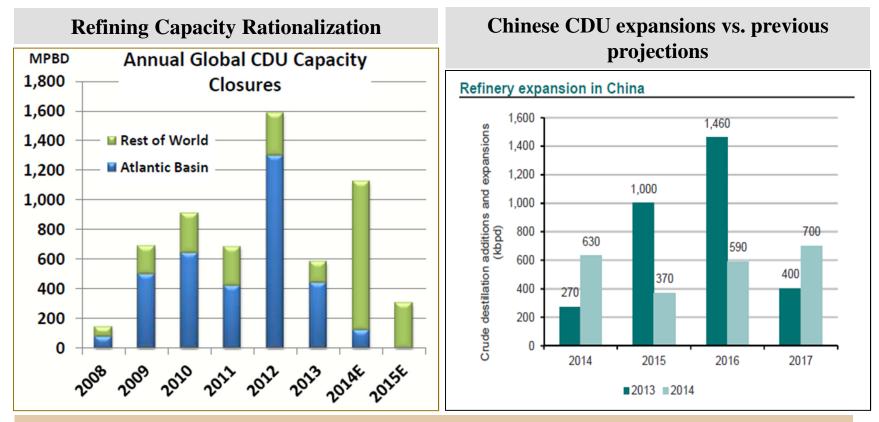


Significant new Refining capacity additions coming up in Asia and Middle East...

- The latest IEA report (June) expects about 1.4m–1.5m bpd of added global refining capacity annually for 2014–2017.
- > Asia-Pacific and Middle East to account for three-fourth of the total refinery additions
- **US refining sector to continue benefit**, due to increasing exports of distillates to Latin America and Europe.

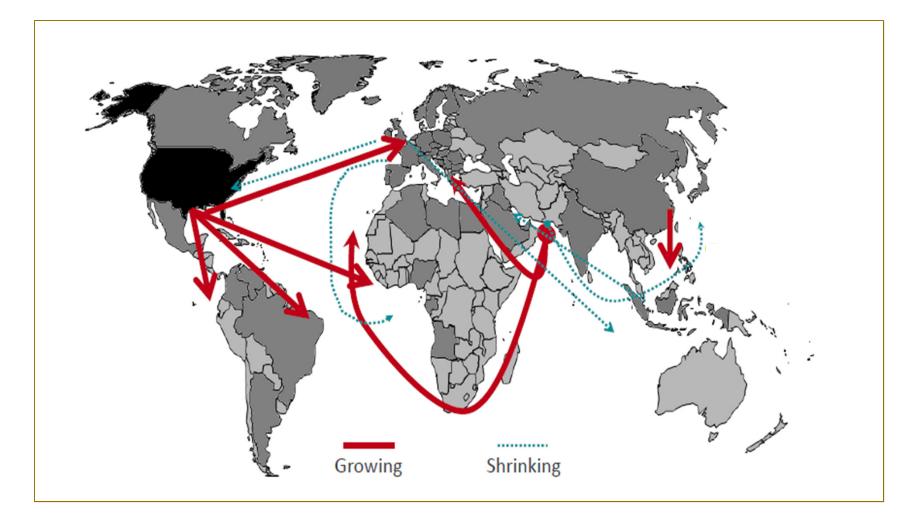


Leading to overcapacity, potential closures in the OECD region, lower utilization along with scaling back of certain planned expansions



- **Expansion in Latin America could witness delays**
- China stalls new projects on looming surplus capacity, corruption scandals and pollution concerns
- **Expect continued refinery shutdowns primarily in Europe, Australia and Japan**

Growing Product trade... Changing trade patterns



BDI Movement (Jan 2001 to Jan 2015)

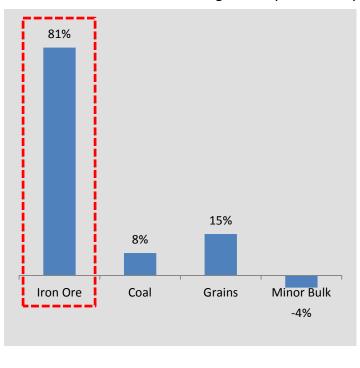


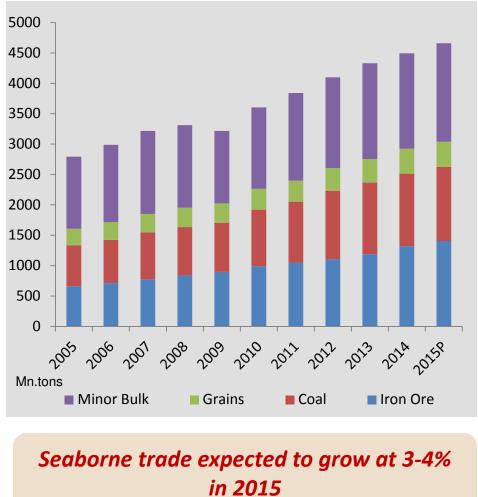
Moderation in pace of China's iron ore imports during Q4 2014, in comparison to 9M CY 2014
 Chinese Government efforts to control pollution, rising hydropower capacities affecting coal trade
 Ban on nickel ore and bauxite exports from Indonesia, pre-ban stocking by China continues to impact demand for smaller vessels

Seaborne Bulk Trade ... growing steadily

Global dry bulk seaborne trade reached 4.5 bn tons in 2014

Contribution to seaborne trade growth by commodity





Dry Bulk Trade ... Driven by Iron Ore Volumes

- Until 2016, iron ore
 seaborne trade will
 be a function of
 available
 international
 supplies
- Post 2016, iron ore
 seaborne trade to be
 directed by demand
 and price arbitrage



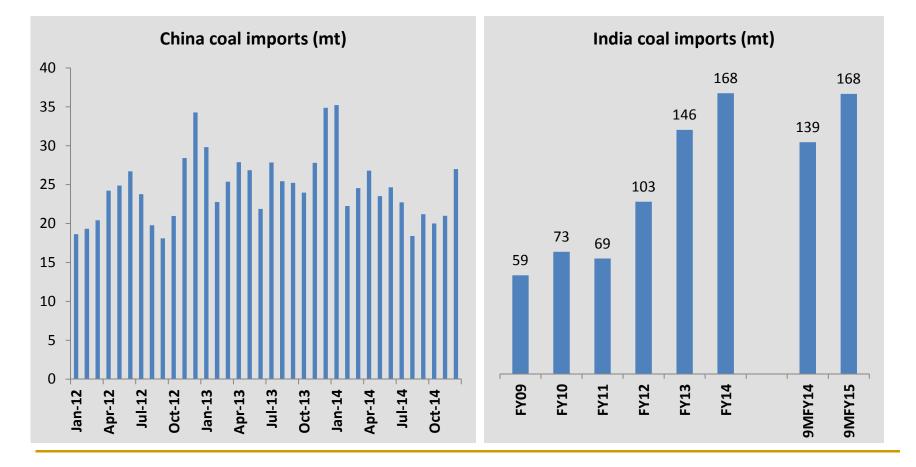
Dry Bulk Trade...China ore import substitution continues



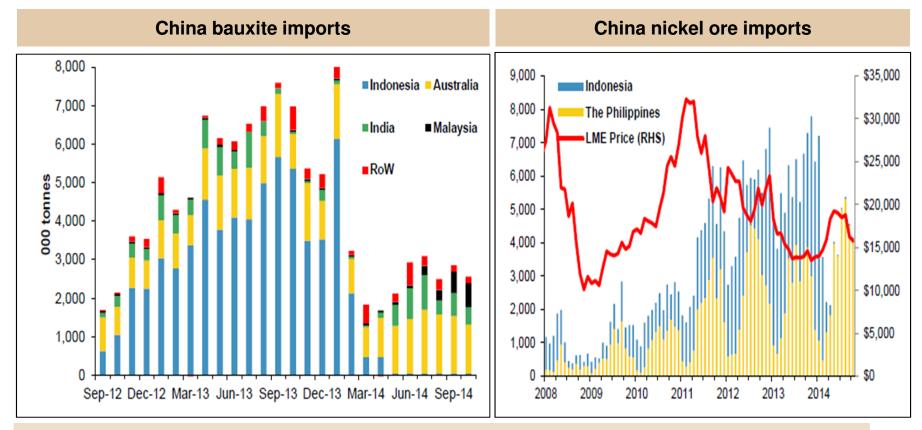
- Continued import substitution led to higher imports
- Increasing share of Australia in China's total ore imports impacts ton-mile demand

China iron ore imports - Regional share 100% 90% India Others 80% 70% **Brazil** 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% **Australia** 10% 0% 2011 2012 2013 2014 2008 2009 2010

Dry Bulk Trade ...Lack luster Chinese coal imports take the sheen off !!!...India to become the growth driver..



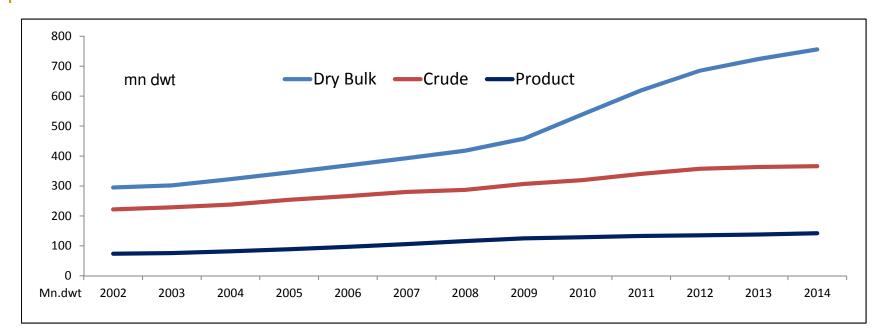
Dry Bulk Trade ... Indonesian bauxite & nickel ore exports plunged to zero following the ban



• Slow pick-up in trade growth on account of pre-ban stocking by China

• China could secure bauxite from new sources, domestic capacity expansions (China) to bridge the nickel ore import gap to some extent

World Fleet Growth



World Fleet addition	Fleet (as on 1 st Jan'15)	CY2015	CY2016	CY2017+
	(in mn dwt)			
Crude tankers	366	5%	6%	3%
Product tankers	142	8%	6%	3%
Dry bulk carriers	756	11%	8%	3%

* LR 2 product tankers included in Crude

Scrapping... too little to cheer

Scrapping as % of world fleet (year wise)

Fleet as on 1 st Jan 2015	Scrapping 2014	Vessel Category	CY2012	CY2013
(in mn dwt)	(in mn dwt)			
366	6	Crude	3%	2%
142	2.3	Product	2%	2%
756	15.9	Bulk	5%	3%

* LR 2 product tankers included in Crude

Require acceleration in scrapping to minimize the demand supply mismatch

* LR 2 product tankers included in Crude

Greatship (India) Limited (a 100% subsidiary)

Business & Financial Review December 2014

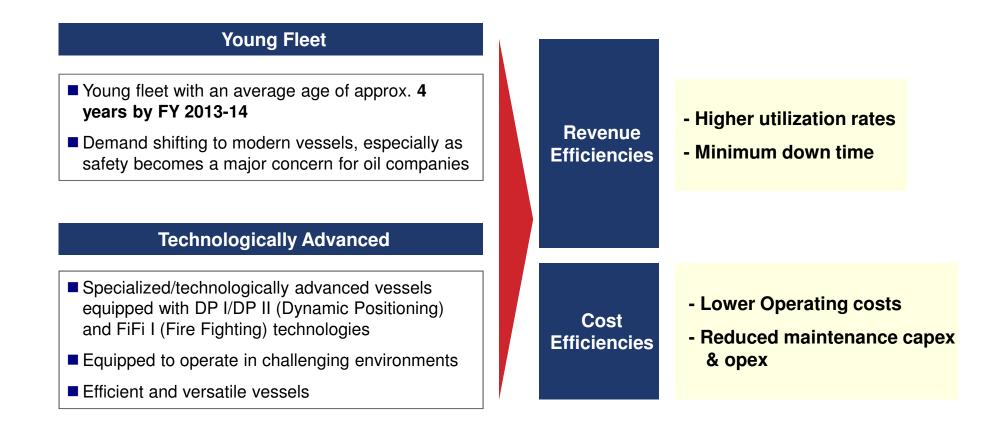
Offshore business- Fleet Profile

The Greatship Group

- Current Owned Fleet
 - ✓ 3 Jack Up Rigs (350ft)
 - ✓ 5 Platform Supply Vessels (PSV)
 - ✓ 9 Anchor Handling Tug cum Supply Vessels (AHTSV)
 - ✓ 2 Multipurpose Platform Supply and Support Vessels (MPSSV)
 - ✓ 6 Platform / ROV Support Vessels (ROVSV)

On Order: 1 Jackup Rig (350 ft) – expected delivery in Q1 CY2015

Greatship's Modern & Technologically Advanced Fleet



Offshore Service Value Chain

	Exploration	Development	Production
Length of Typical Cycle	- 3 to 5 years	- 2 to 4 years	- 5 to 55 years
Description	 Collection of survey data Analysis & interpretation Identification of oil & gas reserves 	 Construction & installation of production platforms, pipelines & equipment Preparation for production 	 Management of oil & gas production Operations & Maintenance Retrofit work
Vessels	 -AHTV, AHTSV, MPSSV, Tugs PSV/ Supply, Crewboats ROV Support Vessels Seismic survey & support hydrographic survey (for pipeline routes) Chase boats 	 AHTV, AHTSV, MPSSV, Tugs PSV/ Supply, Crewboats Derrick/ Crane Vessels Cable & pipe-lay vessels Heavy Lift Transport Offshore Dredgers Accommodation units 	 AHTSV, PSV/ Supply MPSSV/ Production Support Vessels Emergency Rescue & Response Vessels Crewboats Accommodation units

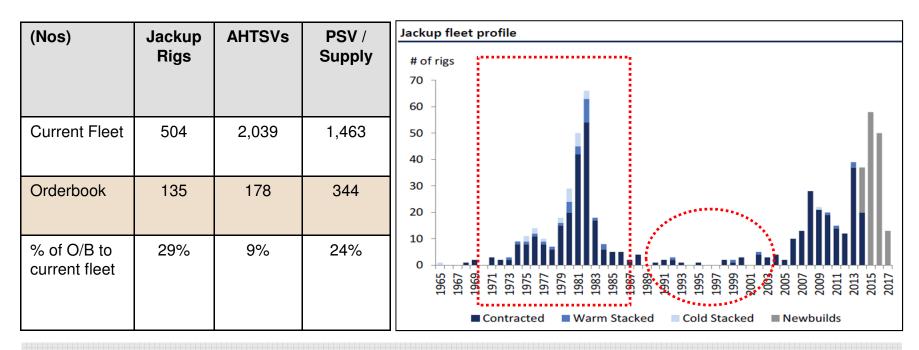
E&P spending to decline in response to lower oil prices

Barclays E&P survey

(\$mm)	2013- 2014 %	2014- 2015 %
North America Spending	9.4%	-14.1%
Middle East	15.5%	14.5%
Latin America	6.1%	-4.7%
Russia/FSU	6.3%	-13.1%
India, Asia & Australia	3.7%	-6.0%
Europe	-0.2%	-16.7%
Africa	8.5%	5.5%
Majors (International)	-0.1%	-9.7%
NAM Independents (International)	6.5%	-23.9%
Other E&P (International)	12.7%	-2.3%
International Spending Total	4.4%	-6.7%
Worldwide E&P Spending:	5.8%	-8.8%

Low oil prices has led to E&P
spending cut announcements
Impact likely to be higher on
Deep and Ultra deepwater
projects. However, day rates
across segment will remain
under pressure

Global Fleet Supply – Offshore



- High fleet growth to impact rates
- However, utilization for modern assets to be higher
- Potential scrapping as current world fleet of jack-ups is old (Avg. age is 21 years)
- Slippages on orders at Asian yards could lead to lesser-than expected fleet growth

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Q3 FY 2015

Q3FY 2015 Financial Highlights

S	Standalone		Key Figures	Consolidated		ed
Q3FY'15	Q3FY'14	9MFY'15	(Amount in Rs. crs)	Q3FY'15	Q3FY'14	9MFY'15
			Income Statement			
512.52	415.43	1555.31	Revenue (including other income)	944.25	792.99	2810.66
206.90	157.34	668.69	EBITDA (including other income)	406.84	360.62	1334.97
69.07	13.13	264.83	Net Profit	181.70	101.50	611.27
			Balance Sheet			
9418.13	9742.29	9418.13	Total Assets	15110.83	15093.2	15110.83
5012.55	4886.98	5012.55	Equity	7480.39	6847.76	7480.39
3152.80	3544.83	3152.80	Total Debt (Gross)	6152.94	6688.23	6152.94
510.53	413.55	510.53	Long Term Debt (Net of Cash)	2669.08	2658.51	2669.08
			Cash Flow			
201.40	148.40	337.82	From operating activities	441.43	450.57	1063.39
(106.22)	63.11	(111.29)	From investing activities	(349.74)	(148.86)	(610.37)
(94.73)	(119.05)	(499.52)	From financing activities	(4.76)	(285.74)	(547.40)
0.45	92.46	(272.99)	Net cash inflow/(outflow)	86.93	15.97	(94.38)

Q3FY 2015 Financial Highlights

Standalone)	Key Figures Consolidated		ed	
Q3FY'15	Q3FY'14	9MFY'15		Q3FY'15	Q3FY'14	9MFY'15
40.37%	37.87%	42.99%	EBITDA Margin (%)	43.09%	45.48%	47.50%
5.55%	1.08%	7.19%	Return on Equity (ROE) (%)	9.87%	5.99%	11.44%
5.76%	3.13%	6.69%	Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) (%)	7.52%	5.69%	8.41%
0.63	0.73	0.63	Gross Debt/Equity Ratio (x)	0.82	0.98	0.82
0.10	0.08	0.10	Net Debt/Equity Ratio (x)	0.36	0.39	0.36
61.87	62.20	60.69	Exchange rate USD/INR, average (Rs)	61.87	62.2	60.69
63.04	61.81	63.04	Exchange rate USD/INR, end of period (Rs)	63.04	61.81	63.04
			Share related figures			
4.58	0.87	17.56	Earnings per share, EPS (Rs)	12.05	6.73	40.54
4.57	0.87	17.53	Diluted earnings per share (Rs)	12.03	6.71	40.46
10.25	6.92	33.51	Cash Profit per share (Rs)	22.54	17.96	70.64
4.58	0.87	17.56	Earnings per share, EPS (Rs)	12.05	6.73	40.54

Q3 FY 2015 Performance Highlights

Breakup of revenue days

Revenue Days	Q3'FY15	Q3'FY14
Owned Tonnage	2,547	2,599
Inchartered Tonnage	0	0
Total Revenue Days	2,547	2,599
Total Owned Tonnage (mn.dwt)*	2.45	2.42

* As on 31st December, 2014

Average TCY Details

Average (TCY \$ per day)	Q3'FY15	Q3'FY14	% Chg
Crude Carriers	19,237	13,957	38%
Product Carriers (Incl. Gas)	24,061	16,036	50%
Dry Bulk	10,772	13,407	(20)%

Mix of Spot & Time

Days (in %)	Q3'FY15	Q3'FY14
Dry Bulk		
Spot %	85%	62%
Time %	15%	38%
Tankers		
Spot %	80%	50%
Time %	20%	50%
Total		
Spot %	80%	53%
Time %	20%	47%

Book Value & Net Asset Value (NAV) comparison

Last 4 quarters		
	Consol. Book Value (Rs. Per share)	Consol. NAV (Rs. Per share)
December 2014	496	557
September 2014	480	558
June 2014	468	560
March 2014	449	550

THANK YOU

visit us at www.greatship.com